

3-[[*(4Z)*-1,2-Dimethyl-5-oxoimidazol-4-ylidene]methyl]-4-hydroxybenzonnitrile

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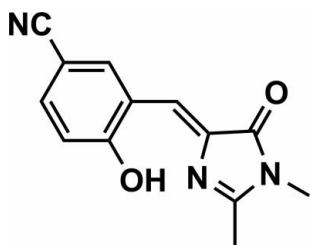
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 150$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.042; wR factor = 0.112; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.3.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$, an intramolecular $\text{O}\cdots\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bond generates an $S(7)$ ring. The dihedral angle between the mean plane of the benzene ring and the imidazolidinone ring is $3.05(2)^\circ$. In the crystal, inversion-related molecules are linked by dual $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}_{\text{carbonyl}}$ hydrogen bonds to form a dimer with an $R_2^2(14)$ graph-set motif. A $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}_{\text{hydroxy}}$ interaction links pairs of molecules into another type of cyclic dimer with an $R_2^2(18)$ motif. The molecules are further linked by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ interactions to form layers parallel to (001). Offset π - π stacking [$3.3877(8)$ Å] is observed in the crystal structure, with an interplanar spacing between the planes of neighboring benzene rings of $3.444(1)$ Å.

Related literature

For the spectroscopy and preparation of the title compound, see: Chuang *et al.* (2011). For the applications of proton-transfer dyes, see: Chen & Pang (2010); Gryko *et al.* (2010); Han *et al.* (2010); Helal *et al.* (2010); Ikeda *et al.* (2010); Ito *et al.* (2011); Lim *et al.* (2011); Lins *et al.* (2010); Maupin *et al.* (2011); Santos *et al.* (2011); Tang *et al.* (2011). For a related structure, see: Chen *et al.* (2007). For graph-set notation of hydrogen bonds, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$	$V = 2312.52(17)$ Å ³
$M_r = 241.25$	$Z = 8$
Monoclinic, $C2/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 24.9655(10)$ Å	$\mu = 0.10$ mm ⁻¹
$b = 3.8349(1)$ Å	$T = 150$ K
$c = 26.7584(10)$ Å	$0.24 \times 0.2 \times 0.15$ mm
$\beta = 115.488(5)^\circ$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer	15085 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2001)	2048 independent reflections
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.811$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.999$	1364 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.067$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$	166 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.112$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 0.94$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.25$ e Å ⁻³
2048 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.29$ e Å ⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{O2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{N2}$	0.82	1.85	2.591(2)	150
$\text{C12}-\text{H12}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.93	2.47	3.262(2)	143
$\text{C5}-\text{H5C}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.96	2.67	3.566(3)	156
$\text{C4}-\text{H4A}\cdots\text{N3}^{\text{iii}}$	0.96	2.63	3.436(3)	142
$\text{C5}-\text{H5A}\cdots\text{N3}^{\text{iv}}$	0.96	2.64	3.586(3)	169

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (ii) $-x+1, y, -z+\frac{3}{2}$; (iii) $x-\frac{1}{2}, y+\frac{1}{2}, z$; (iv) $x-\frac{1}{2}, y+\frac{1}{2}, z$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZL2452).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o867–o868 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812007532]

3-[[*(4Z)*-1,2-Dimethyl-5-oxoimidazol-4-ylidene]methyl]-4-hydroxybenzonitrile**Hsing-Yang Tsai, Ming-Jen Chang, Tzu-Chien Fang, Ming-Hui Luo and Kew-Yu Chen****Comment**

The excited-state intramolecular proton transfer (ESIPT) reaction of the title compound has been investigated recently (Chuang *et al.*, 2011), which incorporates transfer of a hydroxy proton to the imine nitrogen through an intramolecular seven-membered-ring hydrogen-bonding system. The proton transfer dyes have found many important applications. Prototypical examples are probes for solvation dynamics (Chen & Pang, 2010; Lins *et al.*, 2010) and biological environments (Lim *et al.*, 2011; Maupin *et al.*, 2011), fluorescence microscopy imaging (Santos *et al.*, 2011), near-infrared fluorescent dyes (Ikeda *et al.*, 2010), photochromic materials (Ito *et al.*, 2011), chemosensors (Han *et al.*, 2010; Helal *et al.*, 2010) and recent application in the field of organic light emitting devices (Gryko *et al.*, 2010; Tang *et al.*, 2011).

The molecular structure of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. As expected, the molecule possesses an intramolecular O—H \cdots N hydrogen bond, which generates an S(7) ring (Chen *et al.*, 2007). The dihedral angle between the mean plane of the benzene ring and the imidazolidinone ring is 3.05 (2)°. In the crystal (Fig. 2), inversion-related molecules are linked by pairs of C12—H12 \cdots O1 hydrogen bonds, forming a cyclic dimer with an $R_2^2(14)$ graph-set motif, Fig. 2 (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995). In addition, the C5—H5C \cdots O2 interaction links a pair of molecules into another type of cyclic dimer with an $R_2^2(18)$ graph-set motif. Molecules are further stabilized by intermolecular C—H \cdots N interactions involving the methyl groups of C4 and C5 to form layers parallel to (001). See Table 1 for numerical details of the hydrogen bonds and symmetry operators. Offset π – π stacking is observed in the crystal structure with an interplanar spacing between planes of neighboring benzene rings of 3.444 (1) Å. The closest centroid–centroid distance [symmetry code: $x, -1 + y, z$] is 4.8350 (12) Å (*Cg*1 and *Cg*2 are the centroids of the N1/N2/C1–C3 and C7–C12 rings, respectively).

Experimental

The title compound was synthesized according to the literature (Chuang *et al.*, 2011). Yellow needle-shaped crystals suitable for the crystallographic studies reported here were isolated over a period of six weeks by slow evaporation from a chloroform solution.

Refinement

H atoms bonded to O and C atoms were located in a difference electron density map. In the final model, H atoms were repositioned geometrically and refined using a riding model [C—H = 0.93 Å for C_{sp^2} H atoms, 0.96 for C_{sp^3} H atoms, 0.82 Å for hydroxy H atoms and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2$ (C_{sp^2}) or 1.5 (C_{sp^3} , O) $U_{eq}(C/O)$]. The hydroxy H atoms and C_{sp^3} H atoms were allowed to rotate but not to tip to best fit the experimental electron density.

Computing details

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 2001); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97*

(Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

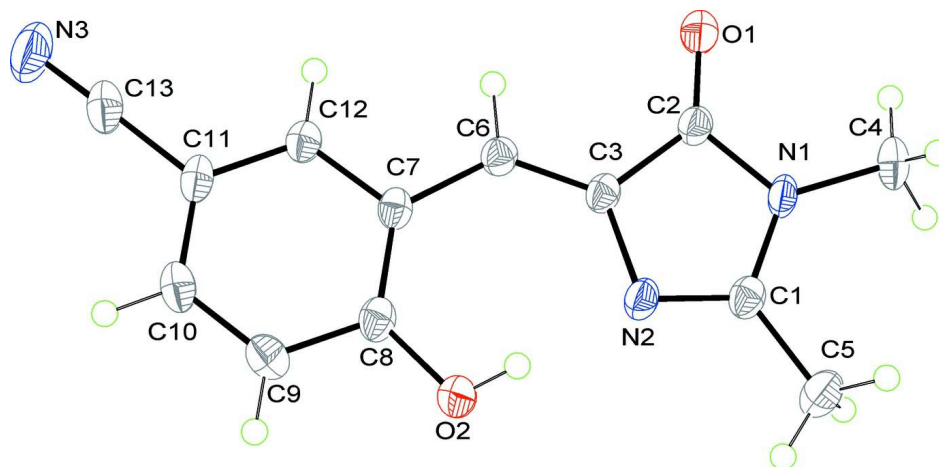


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.

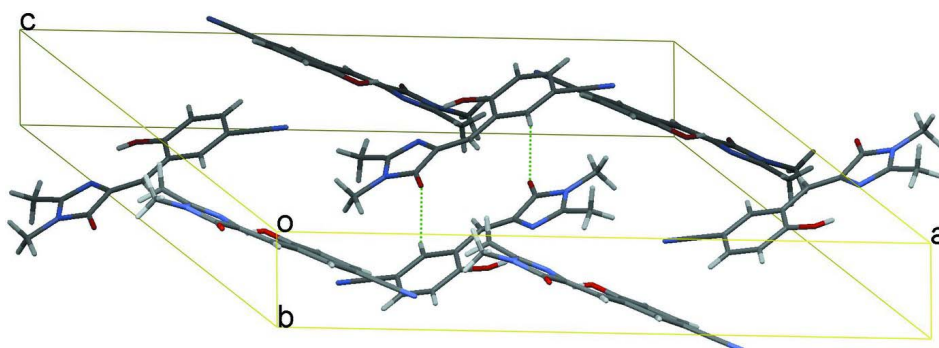


Figure 2

A section of the crystal packing of the title compound, viewed down the *c* axis. Green dashed lines denote the intermolecular C12—H12···O1 hydrogen bonds [symmetry code: $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$].

3-[[*(4Z)*-1,2-Dimethyl-5-oxoimidazol-4-ylidene]methyl]-4-hydroxybenzonitrile

Crystal data

$C_{13}H_{11}N_3O_2$

$M_r = 241.25$

Monoclinic, $C2/c$

Hall symbol: $-C 2yc$

$a = 24.9655 (10) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 3.8349 (1) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 26.7584 (10) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 115.488 (5)^\circ$

$V = 2312.52 (17) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1008$

$D_x = 1.386 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 3648 reflections

$\theta = 3.1\text{--}26.9^\circ$

$\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 150 \text{ K}$

Prism, colourless

$0.24 \times 0.2 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer	15085 measured reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2048 independent reflections
Graphite monochromator	1364 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
φ and ω scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.067$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2001)	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.7^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.811$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.999$	$h = -28 \rightarrow 28$
	$k = -4 \rightarrow 4$
	$l = -31 \rightarrow 31$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.112$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0695P)^2]$
$S = 0.94$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2048 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
166 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.25 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.29 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.41612 (5)	0.5235 (4)	0.49910 (5)	0.0339 (4)
O2	0.56473 (6)	0.0638 (3)	0.71292 (5)	0.0339 (4)
H2	0.5299	0.0855	0.6907	0.051*
N1	0.38975 (6)	0.5881 (4)	0.57176 (6)	0.0246 (4)
N2	0.46849 (6)	0.3562 (4)	0.64190 (6)	0.0251 (4)
N3	0.74916 (8)	-0.3544 (5)	0.59904 (8)	0.0484 (6)
C1	0.41673 (8)	0.5046 (5)	0.62728 (8)	0.0245 (5)
C2	0.42684 (8)	0.4890 (5)	0.54770 (8)	0.0235 (5)
C3	0.47832 (7)	0.3369 (5)	0.59435 (7)	0.0221 (4)
C4	0.33058 (8)	0.7365 (5)	0.54035 (8)	0.0331 (5)
H4A	0.3244	0.9241	0.5610	0.050*
H4B	0.3012	0.5594	0.5339	0.050*
H4C	0.3274	0.8233	0.5055	0.050*
C5	0.38931 (9)	0.5833 (5)	0.66510 (8)	0.0347 (5)
H5A	0.3499	0.4879	0.6503	0.052*
H5B	0.3874	0.8314	0.6689	0.052*
H5C	0.4127	0.4818	0.7007	0.052*

C6	0.52658 (8)	0.2123 (5)	0.58951 (7)	0.0231 (5)
H6	0.5242	0.2299	0.5539	0.028*
C7	0.58150 (7)	0.0561 (4)	0.62927 (7)	0.0212 (5)
C8	0.59742 (8)	-0.0138 (5)	0.68578 (8)	0.0247 (5)
C9	0.65172 (8)	-0.1766 (5)	0.71763 (8)	0.0291 (5)
H9	0.6619	-0.2264	0.7546	0.035*
C10	0.69024 (8)	-0.2644 (5)	0.69540 (8)	0.0277 (5)
H10	0.7262	-0.3715	0.7173	0.033*
C11	0.67552 (8)	-0.1933 (5)	0.64034 (8)	0.0251 (5)
C12	0.62173 (8)	-0.0365 (5)	0.60796 (8)	0.0241 (5)
H12	0.6121	0.0087	0.5709	0.029*
C13	0.71618 (8)	-0.2836 (5)	0.61677 (8)	0.0323 (5)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0263 (8)	0.0464 (9)	0.0299 (9)	0.0084 (6)	0.0128 (6)	0.0040 (7)
O2	0.0225 (7)	0.0537 (10)	0.0266 (8)	0.0042 (6)	0.0116 (6)	0.0030 (7)
N1	0.0157 (8)	0.0296 (10)	0.0305 (9)	0.0027 (7)	0.0119 (7)	-0.0007 (8)
N2	0.0192 (9)	0.0305 (10)	0.0287 (9)	-0.0006 (7)	0.0132 (7)	-0.0024 (8)
N3	0.0312 (11)	0.0575 (14)	0.0624 (14)	0.0070 (9)	0.0257 (10)	-0.0083 (11)
C1	0.0210 (11)	0.0246 (11)	0.0303 (11)	-0.0034 (9)	0.0133 (9)	-0.0035 (9)
C2	0.0198 (10)	0.0266 (11)	0.0261 (12)	-0.0005 (8)	0.0118 (9)	-0.0009 (9)
C3	0.0189 (10)	0.0239 (11)	0.0259 (10)	-0.0016 (8)	0.0118 (8)	-0.0012 (8)
C4	0.0192 (10)	0.0351 (12)	0.0439 (13)	0.0077 (9)	0.0124 (10)	0.0028 (10)
C5	0.0338 (12)	0.0395 (13)	0.0385 (13)	0.0029 (10)	0.0230 (11)	-0.0006 (10)
C6	0.0205 (10)	0.0249 (11)	0.0249 (10)	-0.0020 (8)	0.0108 (8)	-0.0015 (9)
C7	0.0172 (10)	0.0187 (10)	0.0279 (11)	-0.0028 (8)	0.0099 (9)	-0.0025 (8)
C8	0.0185 (10)	0.0256 (11)	0.0314 (12)	-0.0036 (8)	0.0119 (9)	-0.0027 (9)
C9	0.0248 (11)	0.0308 (12)	0.0273 (11)	-0.0016 (9)	0.0070 (9)	0.0026 (9)
C10	0.0181 (10)	0.0244 (11)	0.0363 (12)	0.0012 (8)	0.0075 (9)	0.0005 (9)
C11	0.0180 (10)	0.0211 (10)	0.0368 (12)	0.0005 (8)	0.0124 (9)	-0.0039 (9)
C12	0.0206 (10)	0.0245 (11)	0.0281 (11)	0.0003 (8)	0.0115 (9)	-0.0008 (9)
C13	0.0209 (11)	0.0307 (12)	0.0425 (13)	0.0032 (9)	0.0109 (10)	-0.0009 (10)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

O1—C2	1.217 (2)	C5—H5A	0.9600
O2—C8	1.339 (2)	C5—H5B	0.9600
O2—H2	0.8200	C5—H5C	0.9600
N1—C1	1.379 (2)	C6—C7	1.454 (2)
N1—C2	1.389 (2)	C6—H6	0.9300
N1—C4	1.464 (2)	C7—C12	1.397 (2)
N2—C1	1.308 (2)	C7—C8	1.414 (2)
N2—C3	1.398 (2)	C8—C9	1.400 (3)
N3—C13	1.146 (2)	C9—C10	1.373 (2)
C1—C5	1.476 (2)	C9—H9	0.9300
C2—C3	1.473 (2)	C10—C11	1.383 (3)
C3—C6	1.353 (2)	C10—H10	0.9300
C4—H4A	0.9600	C11—C12	1.384 (3)

C4—H4B	0.9600	C11—C13	1.449 (3)
C4—H4C	0.9600	C12—H12	0.9300
C8—O2—H2	109.5	H5A—C5—H5C	109.5
C1—N1—C2	108.77 (15)	H5B—C5—H5C	109.5
C1—N1—C4	127.81 (15)	C3—C6—C7	132.33 (17)
C2—N1—C4	123.33 (15)	C3—C6—H6	113.8
C1—N2—C3	106.78 (15)	C7—C6—H6	113.8
N2—C1—N1	112.63 (16)	C12—C7—C8	117.87 (17)
N2—C1—C5	125.00 (17)	C12—C7—C6	115.02 (16)
N1—C1—C5	122.36 (16)	C8—C7—C6	127.10 (16)
O1—C2—N1	125.56 (17)	O2—C8—C9	115.19 (17)
O1—C2—C3	131.25 (17)	O2—C8—C7	125.55 (17)
N1—C2—C3	103.19 (15)	C9—C8—C7	119.26 (17)
C6—C3—N2	128.19 (17)	C10—C9—C8	121.40 (18)
C6—C3—C2	123.15 (17)	C10—C9—H9	119.3
N2—C3—C2	108.63 (14)	C8—C9—H9	119.3
N1—C4—H4A	109.5	C9—C10—C11	119.90 (17)
N1—C4—H4B	109.5	C9—C10—H10	120.1
H4A—C4—H4B	109.5	C11—C10—H10	120.1
N1—C4—H4C	109.5	C10—C11—C12	119.61 (17)
H4A—C4—H4C	109.5	C10—C11—C13	120.11 (17)
H4B—C4—H4C	109.5	C12—C11—C13	120.28 (18)
C1—C5—H5A	109.5	C11—C12—C7	121.95 (18)
C1—C5—H5B	109.5	C11—C12—H12	119.0
H5A—C5—H5B	109.5	C7—C12—H12	119.0
C1—C5—H5C	109.5	N3—C13—C11	178.8 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O2—H2 \cdots N2	0.82	1.85	2.591 (2)	150
C12—H12 \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.93	2.47	3.262 (2)	143
C5—H5C \cdots O2 ⁱⁱ	0.96	2.67	3.566 (3)	156
C4—H4A \cdots N3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.96	2.63	3.436 (3)	142
C5—H5A \cdots N3 ^{iv}	0.96	2.64	3.586 (3)	169

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (ii) $-x+1, y, -z+3/2$; (iii) $x-1/2, y+3/2, z$; (iv) $x-1/2, y+1/2, z$.